

PENDIENTES 3RD ESO

REVISION UNITS 5,6,7 AND 9

DATE:

NAME:

UNIT 5

Vocabulary

1 Choose the correct answer.

1. We didn't eat much because the food wasn't very **plain / tasty**.
2. Do you want to eat a **boiled / spicy** pizza?
Add some pepperoni!
3. We make hamburgers from **beef / cabbage** and onions.
4. I don't like cola because it's very **salty / sweet**.
5. **Baked / Fried** food, like chips, isn't very healthy.
6. Would you like some rice and **boiled / raw** peas?

2 True or False?

- 1. It's important to use **fresh** food when you cook.
- 2. People usually eat soup for **dessert**.
- 3. Chicken is a popular **main course**.
- 4. Vegetarians eat **pork**.
- 5. People often order a salad as a **starter**.
- 6. **Peas** are fruit.
- 7. A **side dish** is smaller than a **main course**.

LAS PÁGINAS QUE TENÉIS QUE REPASAR ESTÁN EN EL STUDENT'S BOOK DEL MÉTODO DEL AÑO PASADO: NEW ENGLISH IN USE 3 (PÁGINAS 149-155)

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer.

Everywhere you travel, there are usually restaurants ¹ **which / where** you can get tasty food. But what about those times ² **when / which** you don't feel like a sit-down meal? The answer is street food, a variety of dishes ³ **that / where** you can find around the world. But nothing can compare to the street food in Marrakesh, Morocco. Every evening, Marrakesh's main square transforms into a food market with hundreds of stands ⁴ **when / where** you can buy food. The food ⁵ **which / who** the local people usually eat at home is traditionally prepared by women. But on the street, it is the men ⁶ **who / which** cook and sell the food. The vendor ⁷ **whose / who** sells harira soup is probably the star of the show. Harira is traditional Moroccan soup ⁸ **that / who** people eat with sweet bread. It's delicious!

2 Complete the sentences with the relative pronouns in brackets to form relative sentences.

1. The Cordon Bleu is a cooking school. Many famous chefs trained there. (where)
The Cordon Bleu
2. He's the street vendor. He sells sandwiches and drinks at the railway station. (who)
He's the street vendor
3. Mashed potatoes are a popular dish. People make them with potatoes and butter. (which)
Mashed potatoes

UNIT 6

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with the following words.

*sensible ♦ moody ♦ inconsiderate ♦ jealous
apologise ♦ annoys ♦ compromise*

1. An person doesn't think about other people.
2. Paul his friends when he doesn't stop talking.
3. Ben is very He usually makes the right decisions.
4. When you do something wrong, you should
5. A person can be happy one minute and angry the next.
6. A person wants what other people have got.
7. We tried to and make everyone happy.

2 Match A and B.

- | A | B |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| 1. hang out | a. your feelings |
| 2. make fun | b. of |
| 3. make | c. arguments with |
| 4. have | d. friends |
| 5. hurt | e. with |

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences using a modal verb.

*speak French very well ♦ go to the dentist
go there tonight ♦ take a break ♦ drink it
eat crab ♦ stop the car ♦ get up*

1. The traffic light is red. (must)
You
2. Natalie went to school in France. (can)
She
3. Harry is allergic to shellfish. (mustn't)
He
4. I came to school late. (couldn't)
I
5. There's a new nightclub in town. (might)
We
6. You work too hard. (should)
You
7. My sister has got toothache. (has to)
She
8. That milk is old. (shouldn't)
You

2 Correct the mistakes in bold.

1. Richard **not can** swim very well.
.....
2. **You can** help me?
.....
3. You **don't have to** smoke here – it's forbidden.
.....
4. Louise **need to** stay at home with her brother.
.....
5. The shops were closed, so I **can't** go shopping.
.....
6. We **might to** finish our project by Friday.
.....

UNIT 7

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with the following words.

guilty ♦ innocent ♦ escape ♦ stab ♦ identify ♦ crash

1. Richard says he is , but I don't believe him.
2. He picked up a knife and tried to me!
3. Be careful! You're going to the car.
4. He was found of stealing the car.
5. It wasn't difficult to the criminals.
6. The robber tried to , but the policeman caught him.

2 Match A and B.

A

1. prison
2. break
3. commit
4. cause
5. serious
6. lose

B

- a. a crime
- b. sentence
- c. damage
- d. blood
- e. injuries
- f. the law

3 Choose the correct answer.

1. I'm **trapped**. I can't *move / talk*.
2. There are many **cuts** on his *leg / car*.
3. The **witness** had to *ask / answer* many questions.
4. He's **dead**. He's not *breathing / guilty*.
5. I'm **in pain**. It *hurts / is fun*.
6. The **riot** was extremely *quiet / violent*.
7. They tried to **break into** the *shop / crime*.
8. He received a **prison sentence** for his *crime / injury*.

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with the Present Simple Passive.

1. When the Olympic Games (hold)?
2. you (invite) to Sam's wedding?
3. Sick people (look after) by doctors.
4. Russian (teach) at our school.
5. sandwiches (prepare) every morning?
6. Coffee (not grow) here.

2 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple Passive.

1. A technician repaired my computer yesterday. My computer yesterday.
2. They didn't buy this meat at the market. This meat at the market.
3. When did they sell their car? When their car ?
4. Liz didn't write this letter. This letter by Liz.
5. Did they tell Pam? Pam ?
6. The Queen wore this dress. This dress by the Queen.

3 Choose the correct answer.

1. My ring **is stolen / was stolen** yesterday.
2. The students didn't know about the exam. They **aren't told / weren't told** about it.
3. How many windows **are broken / were broken** in yesterday's riots?
4. It **is delivered / was delivered** every day.
5. In the UK, fish **is served / was served** with chips.
6. These cars **aren't made / weren't made** in Korea. They make them in Japan.
7. Today, the "bobby", or policeman, **is considered / was considered** a symbol of Britain.
8. Last year, students **are required / were required** to study a foreign language.

UNIT 9

Vocabulary

1 Write the words in bold in the correct sentence.

1. Elephants use their **whiskers** to wash themselves.
2. Birds fly with their **paws**.
3. Animals keep warm because of their **wings**.
4. My cat has got long **feathers**.
5. Parrots have got colourful **tongues**.
6. Dogs have got four **claws**.
7. Frogs use their **fur** to catch insects.
8. My cat's **trunks** are very sharp.

2 True or False?

- 1. Dogs **build** nests.
- 2. Birds **lay** eggs.
- 3. Animals **hunt** people.
- 4. Dogs **bite** with their paws.
- 5. Chameleons **defend themselves** by changing colour.
- 6. Fish have got **horns**.

3 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

*attack ♦ harmless ♦ enemies ♦ catch
poisonous ♦ claws*

1. Don't go near that snake – it's !
2. Sharks rarely people.
3. Some birds can pick up small animals with their
4. How do most animals defend themselves from ?
5. Sheep are animals.
6. Lizards flies with their tongue.

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with the following words to make Reported/Indirect Speech.

if ♦ that ♦ there ♦ the day before ♦ had to ♦ was had ♦ then ♦ the previous morning ♦ could the following day ♦ would

1. "I've been here since yesterday morning," the vet said.
The vet said that she had been since
2. "We must help this dog," Janet told me.
Janet told me that we help dog.
3. "The lion will have an operation tomorrow," Bill said.
Bill said that the lion have an operation
4. "Did you feed the cat yesterday?" Jill asked me.
Jill asked me if I fed the cat
5. "Can you ride a horse?" Mia asked.
Mia asked me
I ride a horse.
6. "Why is the panther climbing the tree now?" John asked.
John asked why the panther climbing the tree

2 Complete the sentences in Reported or Indirect Speech.

1. "I am walking my dog now," Kate said.
Kate said that she her dog
2. "The neighbour's dog attacked a child yesterday," she said.
She said that the neighbour's dog a child
3. "I have never been to this zoo before," Andy said.
Andy said that he never to zoo before.
4. "Can you look after my dog tomorrow?" Kim asked.
Kim asked me if I look after her dog

READING

1 Read the text and tick (✓) the sentences T (true), F (false) or DK (don't know).

Okinawa, a beautiful group of islands off the coast of Japan, has got the highest percentage of 100 year olds in the world. The people who live in Okinawa live longer and healthier lives than people in other countries. Not many Okinawans suffer from illnesses like heart disease and cancer. So what is the Okinawan secret to a long and healthy life?

Some people believe that the Okinawan diet may be the main reason that Okinawa is the best place in the world to get old. They say that people in the West have a lot to learn from the people of Okinawa.

So how different is the Okinawan diet from the diet in the West? Firstly, the Okinawan people eat a lot more fruit and dark green vegetables. In many of their dishes they also use seaweed or sea vegetables which most people in the West have never even heard of.

Like in America and Europe, pork is a popular ingredient in the Okinawan diet. However, Okinawans don't eat as much meat as people in the West. In fact, Okinawans do not use fish and meat as the main course. Instead, they use them as a side dish that makes their food tastier and more appetising. People in the West rarely eat raw fish and meat. Okinawans, on the other hand, often eat their fish and meat in this form. They also usually eat fish on the same day that they catch it.

However, Okinawans do not only eat different food to people in the West. They also eat different quantities of food. In Okinawa, people stop eating when they are 80% full. People in the West should probably begin by adopting this principle. They may find that this is enough to help them to live longer and healthier lives.

1. Okinawa is a city in Japan.
2. Okinawans eat seaweed for their main course.
3. Not many people in the West eat sea vegetables.
4. The Okinawan people are vegetarian.
5. People in the West eat more meat than people in Okinawa.
6. Okinawans eat fresh fish.

2 Choose the correct answer.

1. In Okinawa
 - a. many people live to an old age
 - b. most people live till they are 100
 - c. nobody suffers from heart disease
2. According to the article,
 - a. The Okinawan diet prevents cancer and heart disease
 - b. there could be a connection between the Okinawan diet and health
 - c. Okinawans live a long life because of their diet
3. Okinawans
 - a. do not eat as much as people in the West
 - b. do not have a main course
 - c. eat 20% less than people in the West
4. The writer believes that people in the West should
 - a. eat a lot of sea vegetables
 - b. adopt the Okinawan diet
 - c. eat less

WRITING

Imagine something really exciting happened to you while you were on holiday. Write a narrative.